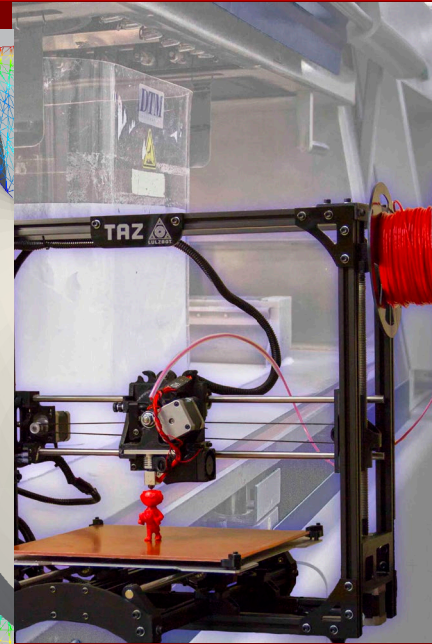
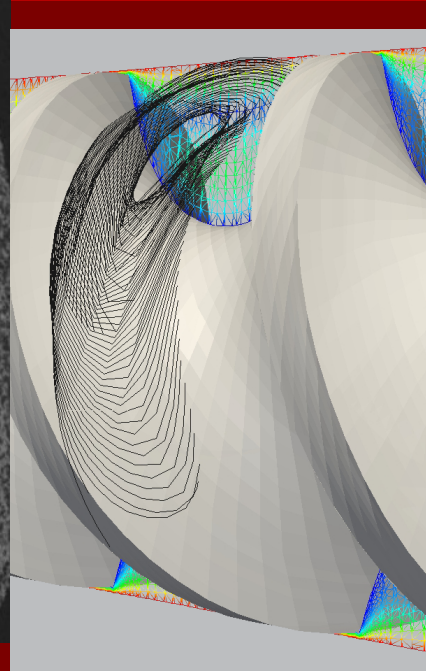
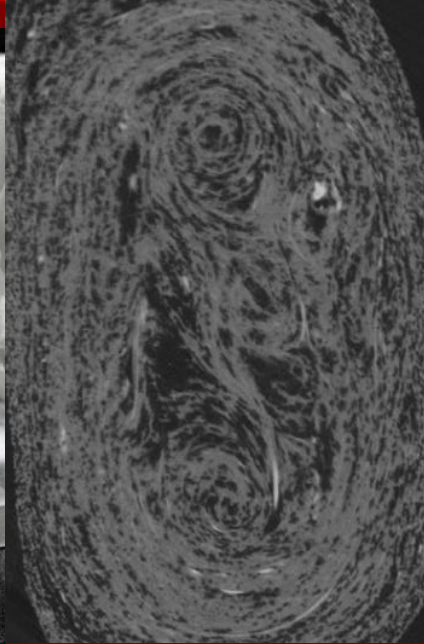
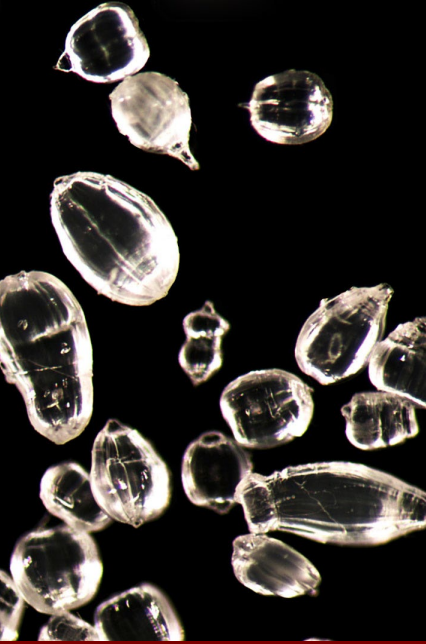


Polymer Engineering Center

University of Wisconsin - Madison



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Processing Behavior of Recycled Thermoplastics: Process-Induced Changes in Microstructure

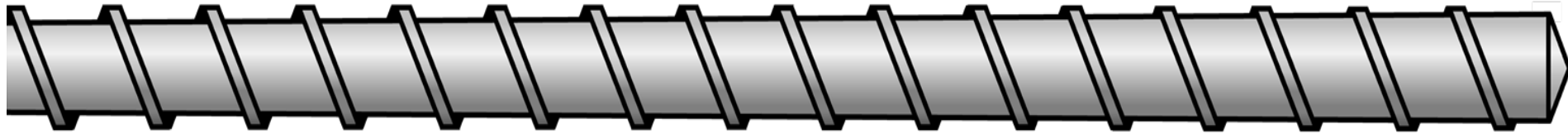
Paula Hohoff

Dr. John E. Estela-García

Prof. Tim A Osswald

UW - Madison

July 29, 2025

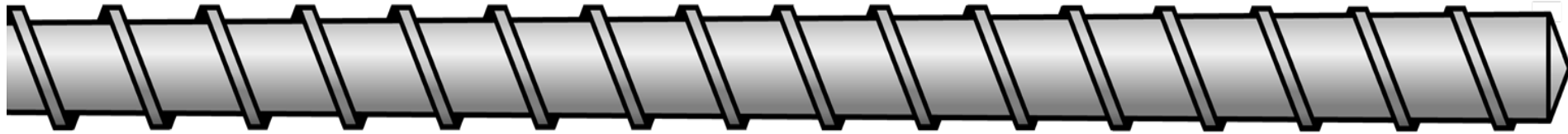


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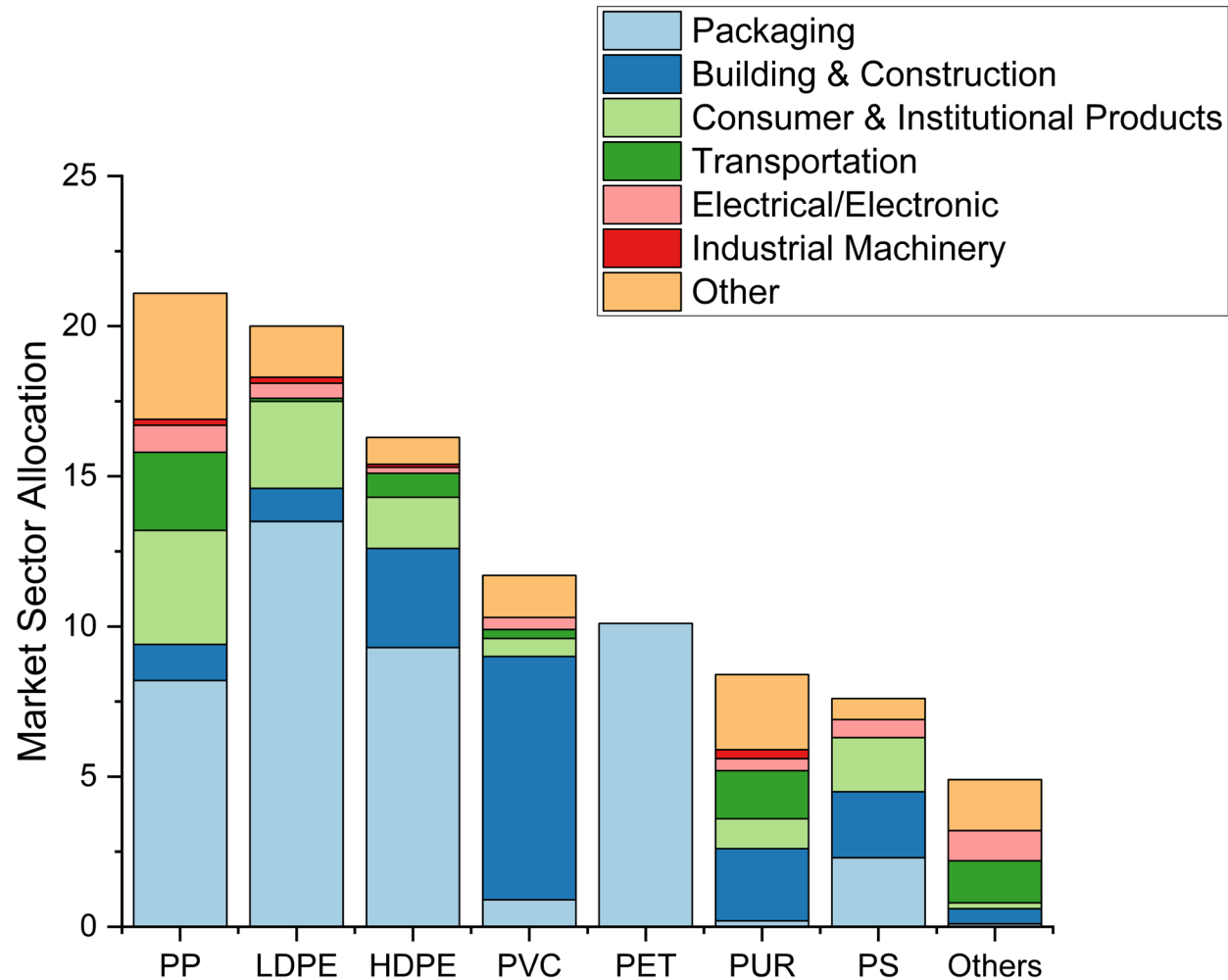
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1 The Challenge of Plastics Waste



Data Source: Geyer, R., et. al. 2017. Production, use, and fate of all plastics ever made. DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.1700782

Prevalence

Plastic's versatility and widespread usage have led to its prevalence in various industries and everyday life.

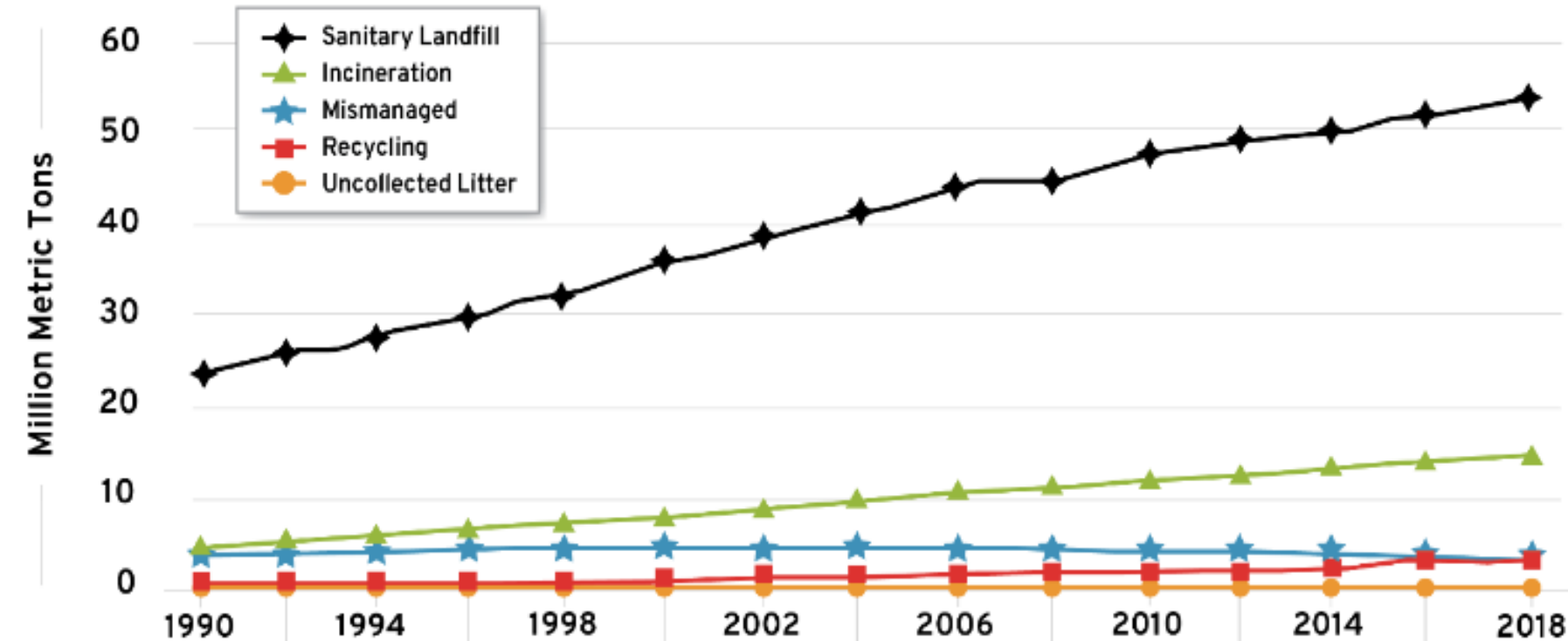
Advantages

- Inexpensive
- Widely available
- Good mechanical properties
- Strong chemical resistance

Future Projections

Plastic use is expected to increase by approximately 90% through 2060, raising concerns about environmental impact.

U.S. Plastics Waste Disposal



♻️ Low Recycling Rates

Despite demand for recyclable materials, plastic recycling rates remain low.

9%

of plastic waste recycled in the U.S.

🗑️ Landfill Destination

The vast majority of plastics in the U.S. end up in landfills.

75%

of plastic waste goes to landfills

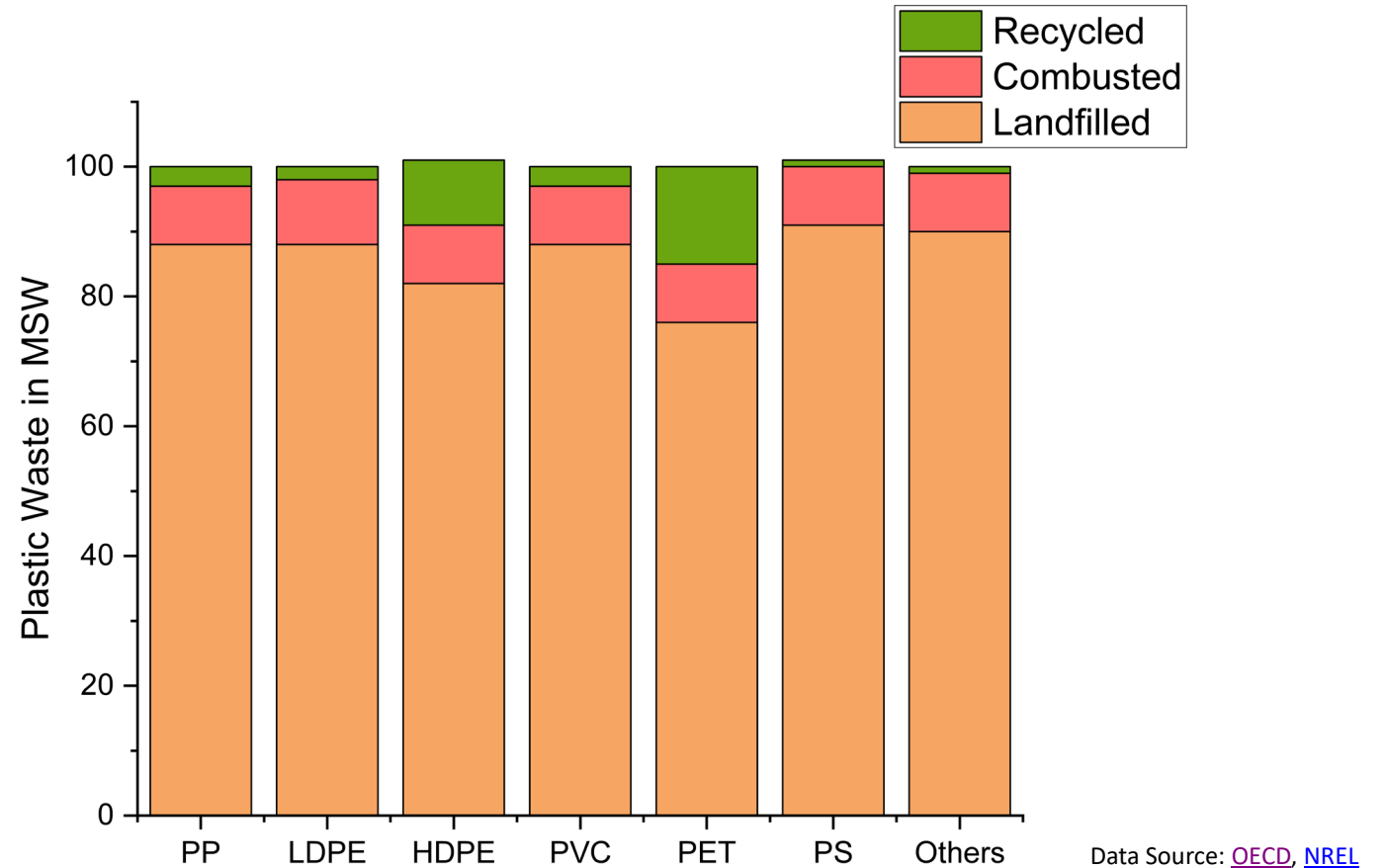
Data Source: [OECD](#), [NREL](#)

3 Economics of Landfilled Plastics Waste

Landfilled Plastic Value

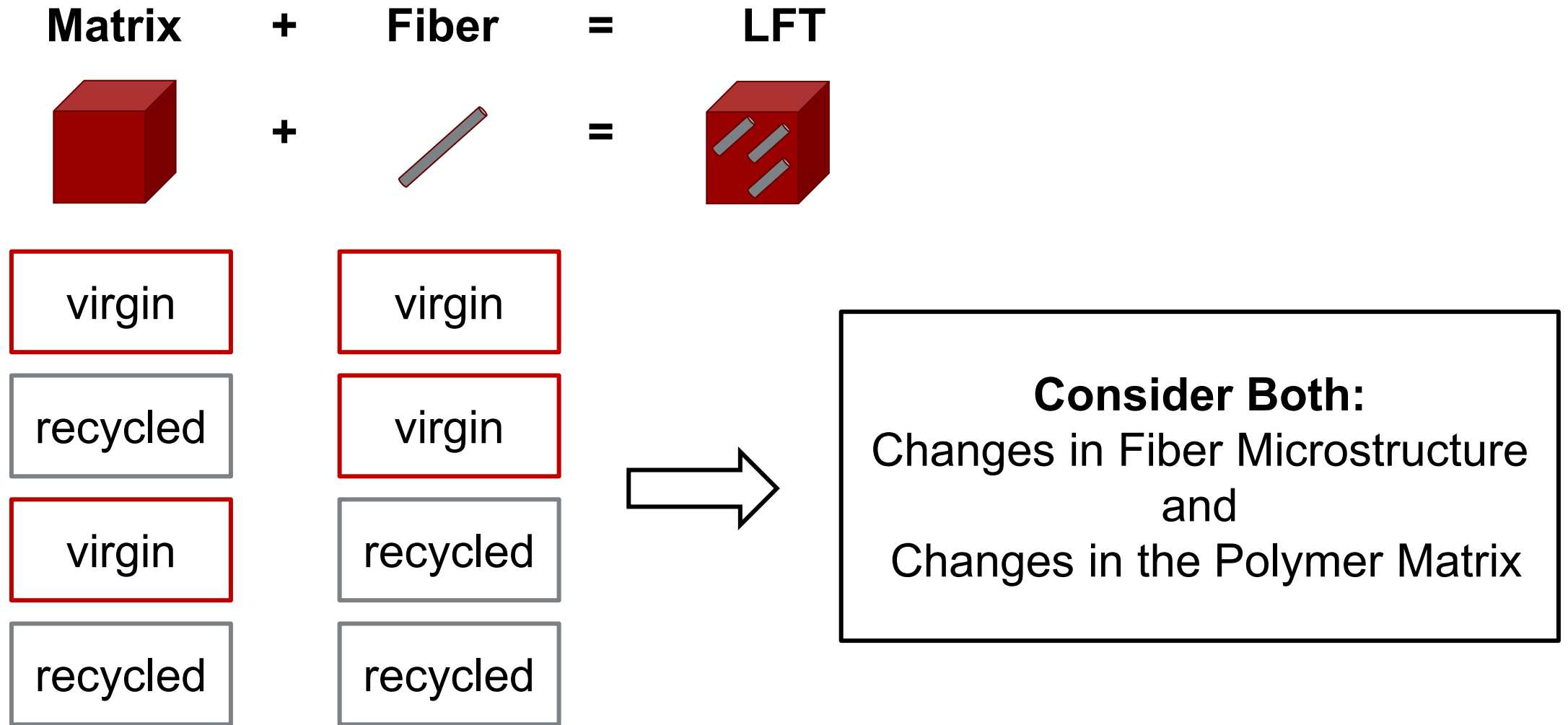
Estimated market value of landfilled plastic material:

\$7.2 Billion

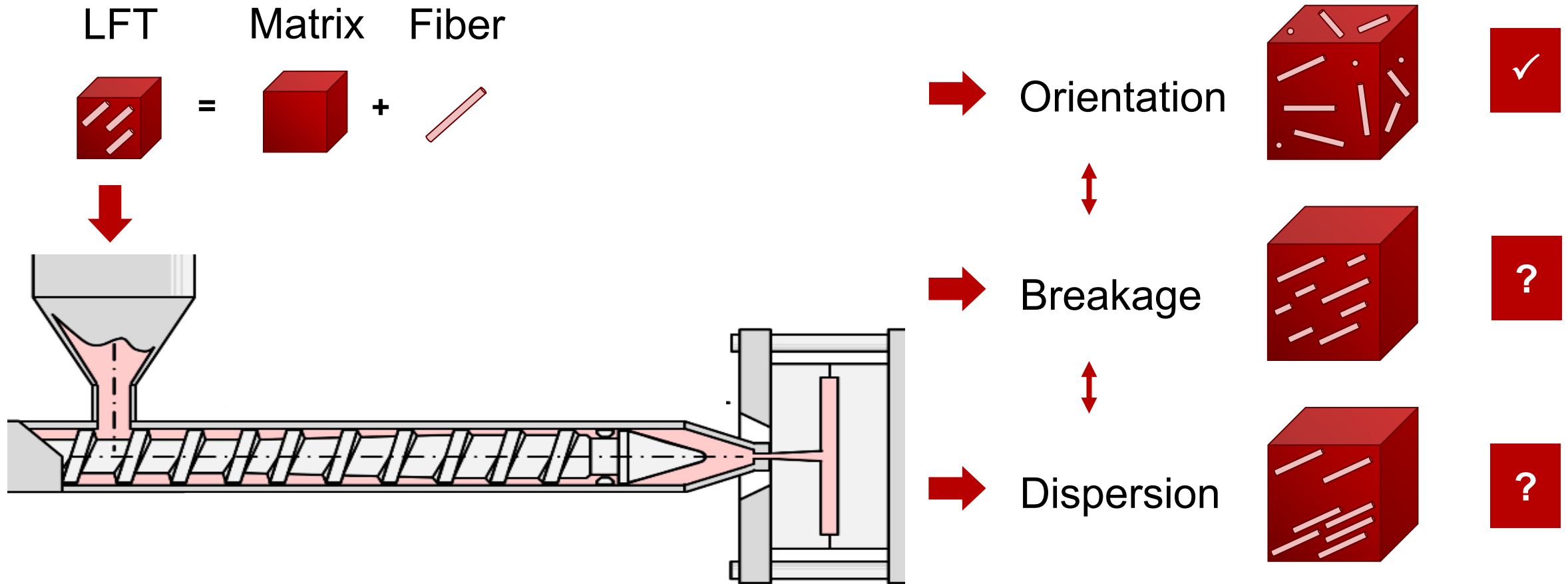


? How can we enable more recycling?

(Recycled) Long Fiber-Reinforced Thermoplastics (LFT)

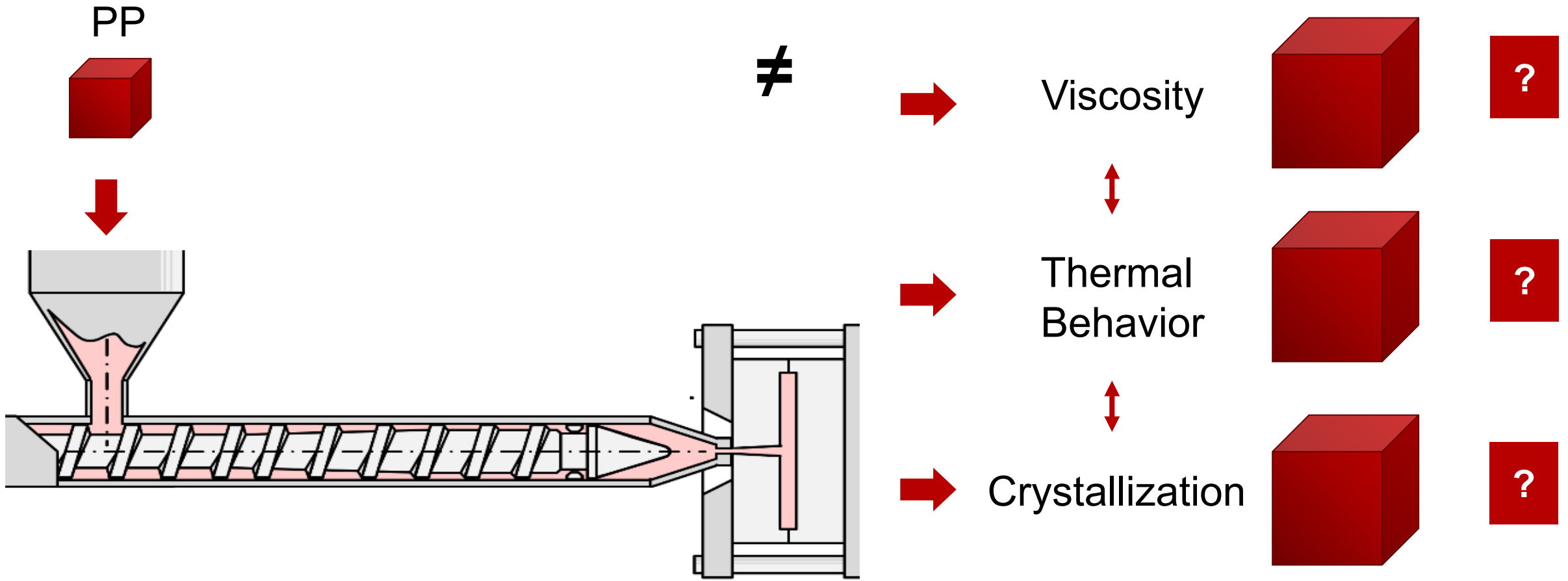


Fiber Microstructure of LFT



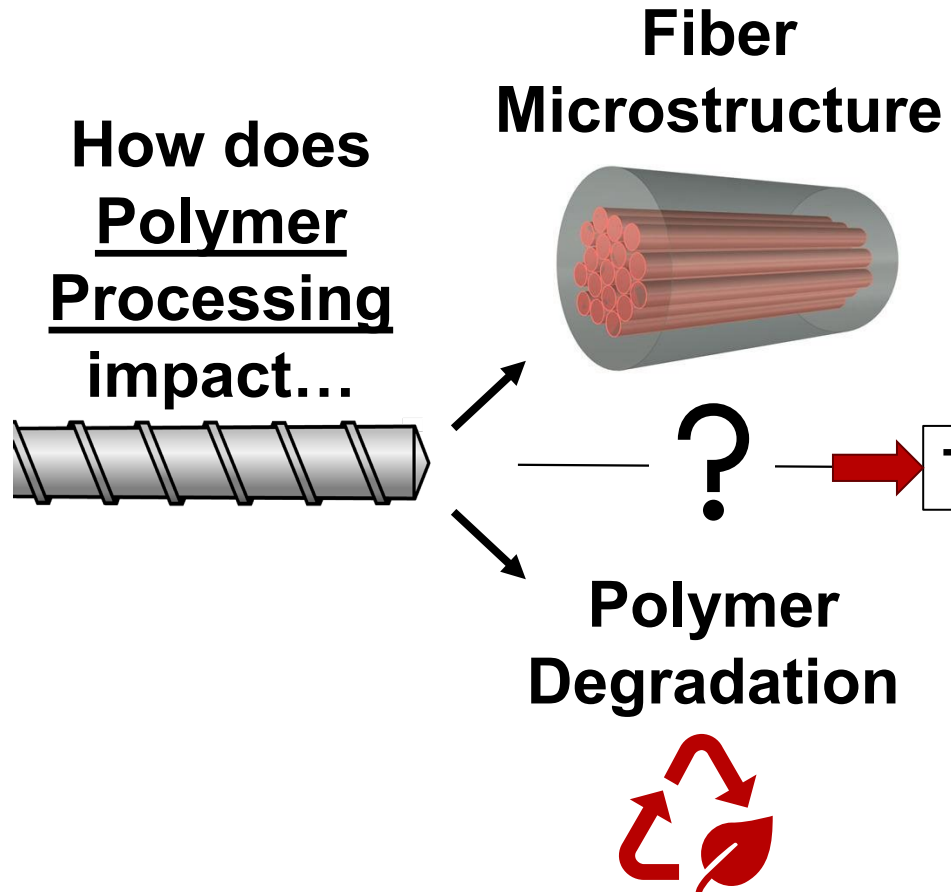
Understand interdependencies in fiber microstructure!

Process-Induced Changes of Polypropylene (PP)



Understand material changes induced during processing!

Context



Action

- Fiber length
- Fiber dispersion
- Fiber orientation

Test + Analyze + Model

- Viscosity
- Flow dynamics
- Heat transfer

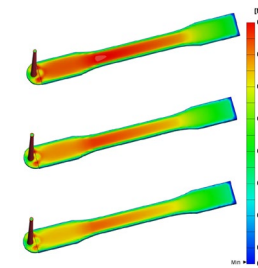
Results

Mathematical Models

$$\frac{d\varepsilon}{dt} = k\dot{\gamma} \left(\frac{\tau}{\sigma_c} \right)^n e^{-k\dot{\gamma}t \left(\frac{\tau}{\sigma_c} \right)^n}$$

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = k_f(L - L_\infty)$$

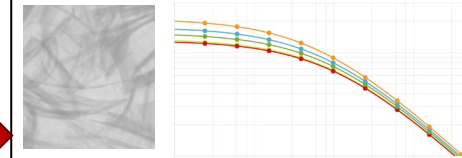
Processing Insights



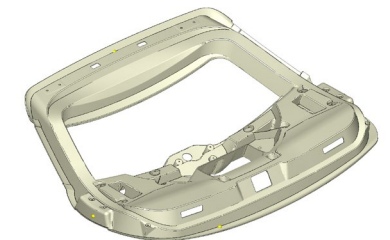
So What?

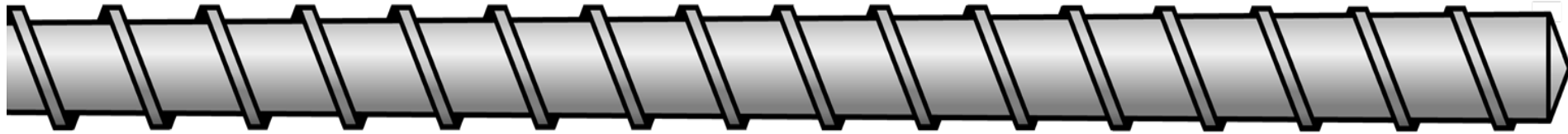
Improve and Predict Properties of:

• Material



• Product





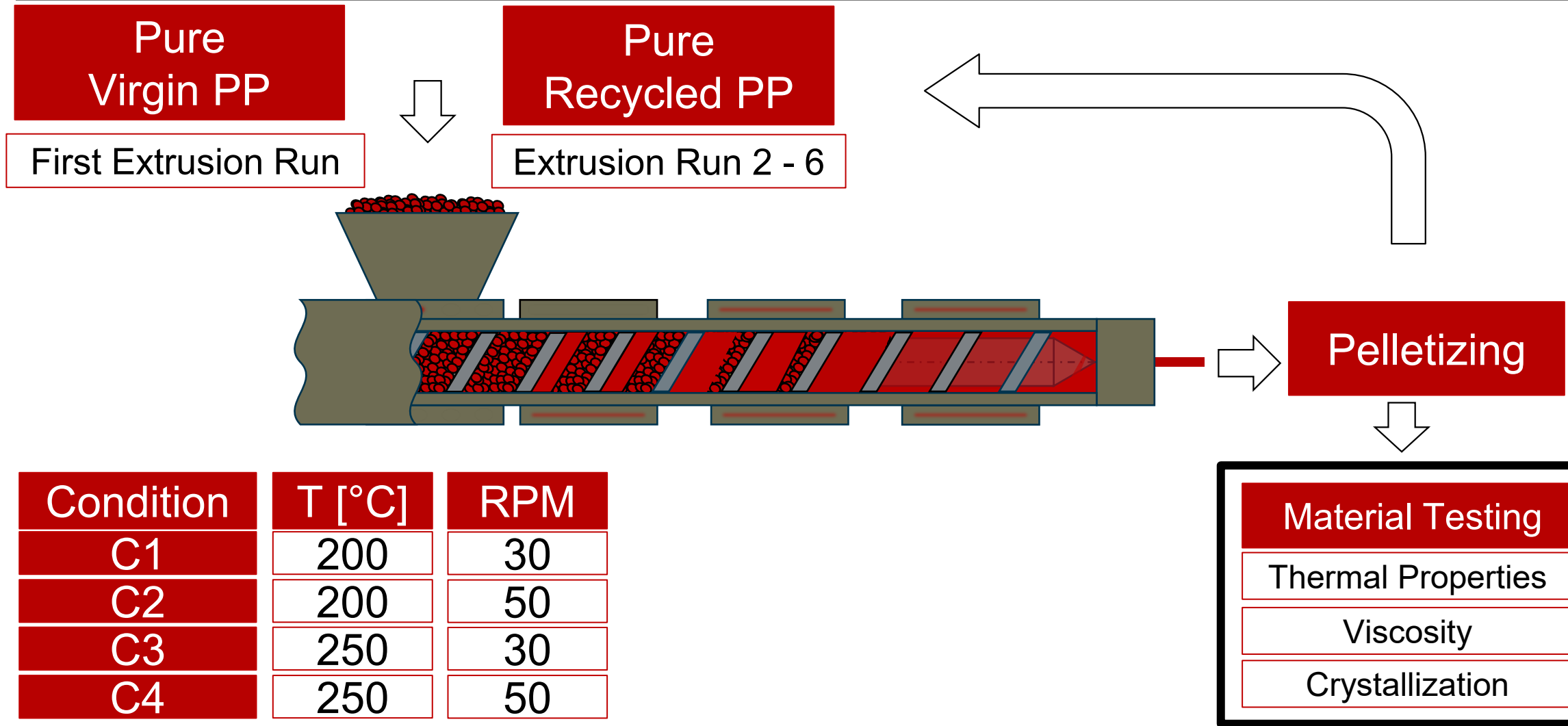
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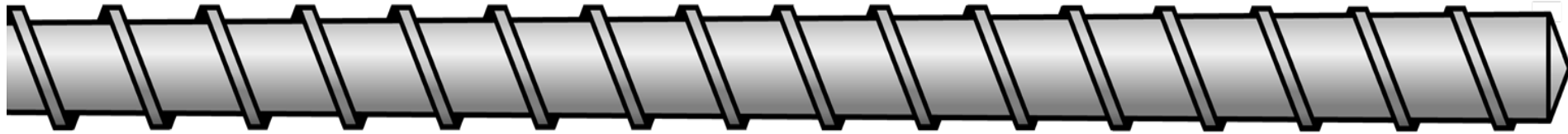
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Flow Study of Recycled Polypropylene





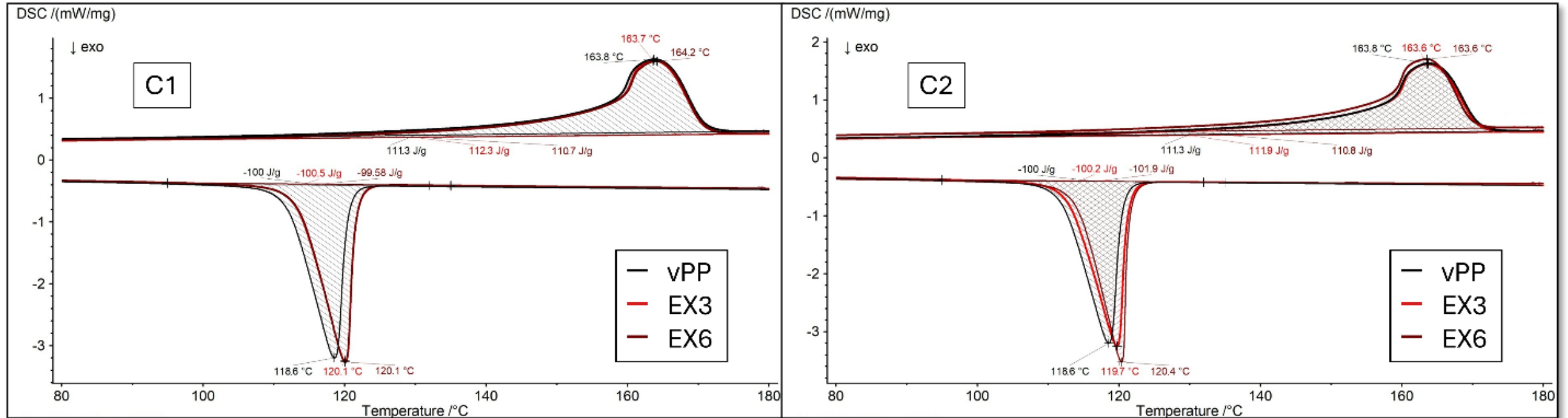
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Thermal Properties



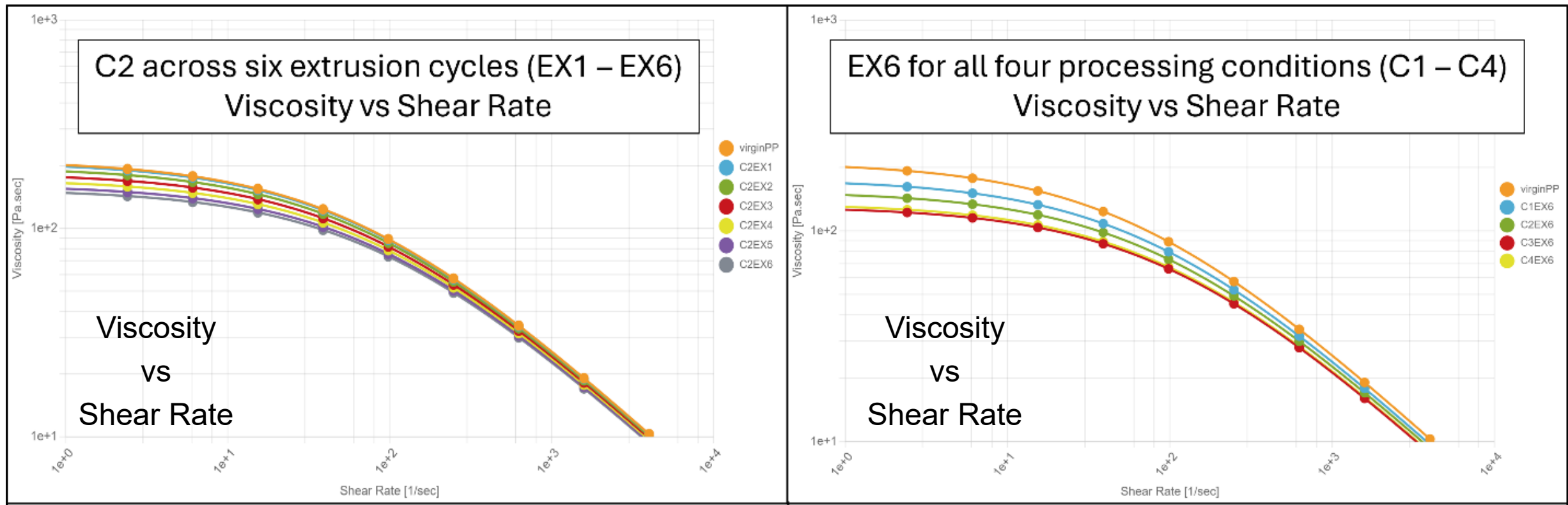
Non-isothermal DSC thermograms showing heating (top) and cooling (bottom) cycles at 10 K/min for virgin PP and EX3 and EX6.

[Estela-García, Hohoff, Osswald \(2025\)](#)



Consistent melting but variations in crystallization exotherms during cooling

Viscosity



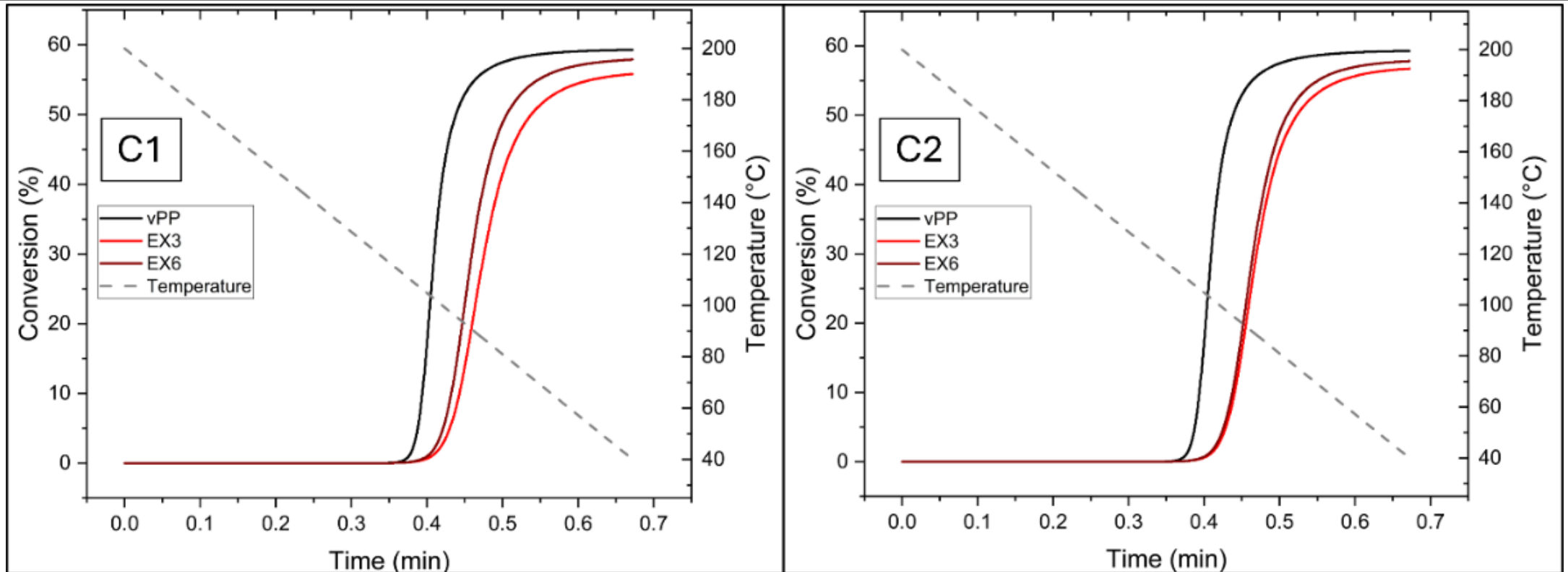
Evolution of PP viscosity profiles at 210°C

[Estela-García, Hohoff, Osswald \(2025\)](#)



Decrease in viscosity driven by temperature during processing

Crystallization



Simulated crystallization conversion profiles (200°C to 40°C in 40s)

[Estela-García, Hohoff, Osswald \(2025\)](#)

!

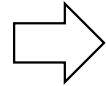
Recycled material shows 3 sec delay in crystallization onset

Flow Study of Recycled Polypropylene

Material
Testing

Thermal
Properties

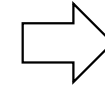
Viscosity



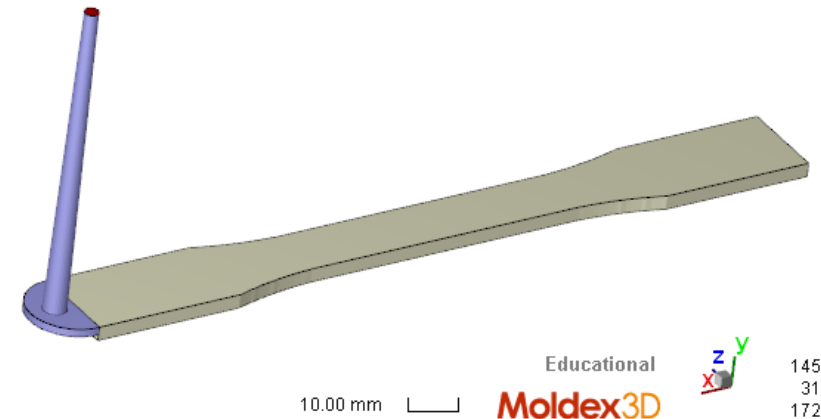
Material Cards
Moldex3D

4 Different
Conditions

1 - 6 Extrusions



Flow Analysis

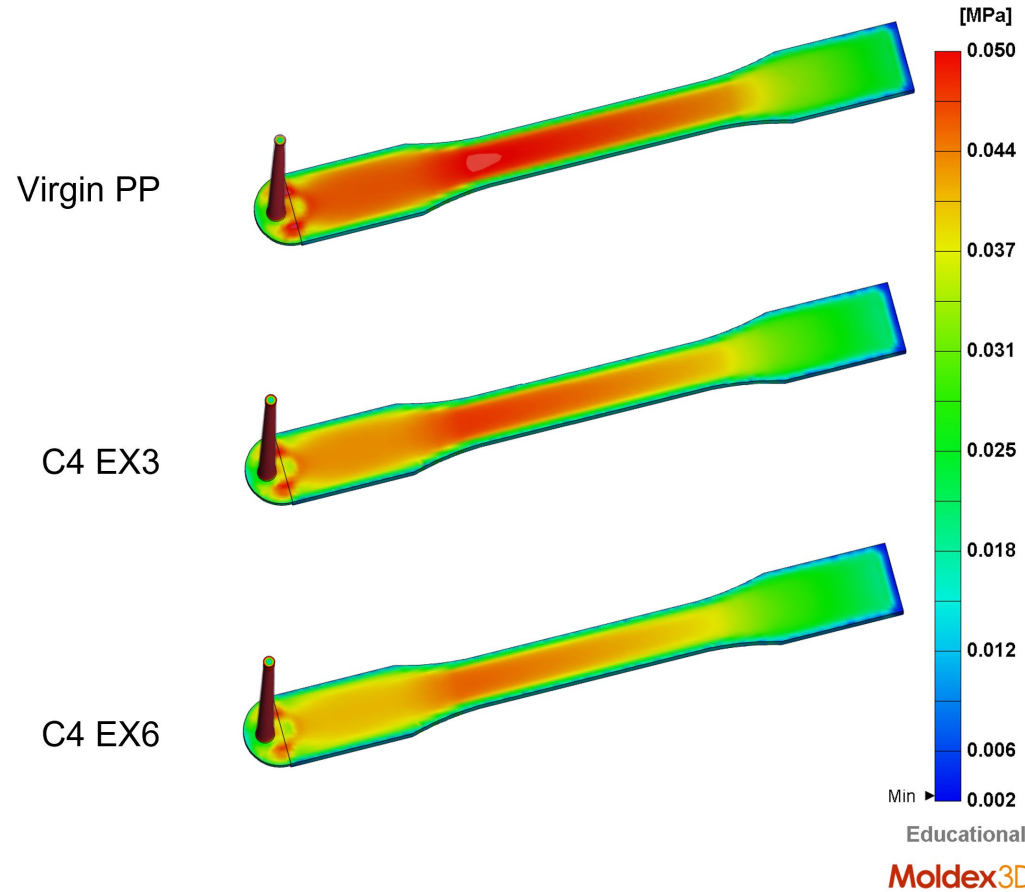


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How does the mechanical recycling impact the flow behavior?

Maximum Shear Stress during Injection Molding

Injection molding simulation results for maximum shear stress



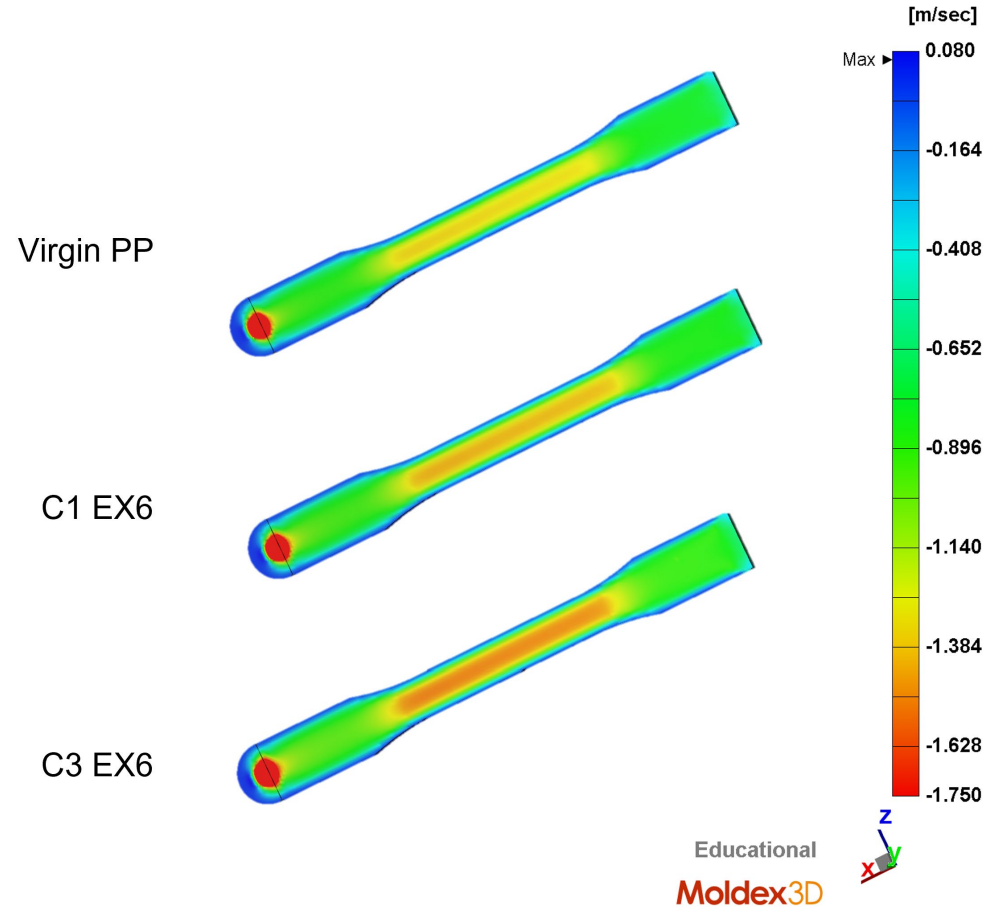
[Estela-García, Hohoff, Osswald \(2025\)](#)

!

Decrease in high-stress regions with increased re-extrusion

Velocity (in flow direction) during Injection Molding

Injection molding simulation results for the velocity in the flow direction after varying re-extrusion conditions



Higher flow velocities

↓

Increased alignment of polymer chains

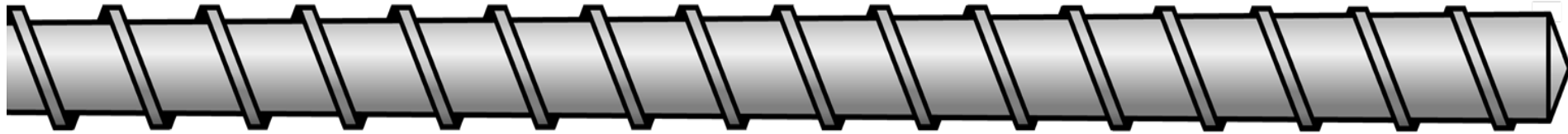
↓

Increased yield stress

[Estela-García, Hohoff, Osswald \(2025\)](#)

!

Increased thermal degradation leads to higher flow velocities



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Observations & Future Work



Connect knowledge of process-induced changes in fiber and matrix microstructure



Predict changes in flow of recycled materials



Optimize processing conditions

Acknowledgments



NETZSCH
Proven Excellence.

Moldex3D

CUWP
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